	TING F or P.A. 2 of 1				s Kep	ort						
Local Gove	ernment Type	t Type Local Government Name Shelby Township						County				
Audit Date 3/31/06				Opinion I 6/21/0			Date Accou	ntant Report Submit	ted to State:			
accordan <i>Financial</i>	ce with the Statement	ne S	tateme	nts of	the Gover	rnmental Acco	ounting Star		GASB) and th	e Uniform	Repor	ents prepared in rting Format for
We affirm				5 " .								
	·							vernment in Mic	higan as revise	ed.		
						ed to practice i	_					
	er affirm these and reco				responses	have been dis	sclosed in th	e financial state	ments, includir	ng the notes	, or in	the report of
You must	check the	арр	licable	box for	each item	below.						
Yes	✓ No	1.	Certai	n comp	onent unit	s/funds/agenci	ies of the lo	cal unit are excl	uded from the	financial sta	atemei	nts.
Yes	✓ No	2.		are ac f 1980).		deficits in on	e or more o	of this unit's uni	reserved fund	balances/re	tained	earnings (P.A.
∠ Yes	☐ No	3.	There amend		stances of	f non-compliar	nce with the	Uniform Acco	unting and Bu	dgeting Act	(P.A.	2 of 1968, as
Yes	Yes No 4. The local unit has violated the conditions of either an order issued under the Municipal Finance Act or its requirements, or an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act.							ance Act or its				
Yes	✓ No	5.						do not comply amended [MC	=	requiremen	its. (P	.A. 20 of 1943,
Yes	✓ No	6.	The lo	cal unit	has been	delinquent in	distributing t	ax revenues that	at were collecte	ed for anothe	er taxi	ing unit.
Yes	₽ No	7.	pensio	on bene	efits (norm	al costs) in the	e current ye	quirement (Articear. If the plan into the pl	s more than 1	00% funded	and '	the overfunding
Yes	✓ No	8.		ocal un 129.24		edit cards and	I has not a	dopted an appl	icable policy a	s required	by P.	A. 266 of 1995
Yes	✓ No	9.	The lo	cal unit	t has not a	dopted an inve	estment poli	cy as required b	y P.A. 196 of 1	997 (MCL 1	129.95).
We have	enclose	the	follow	ring:					Enclosed			Not Required
The lette	r of comm	ents	and re	comme	endations.							•
Reports	on individi	ual fe	ederal f	inancial	assistanc	e programs (p	rogram audi	its).				~
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).							~					
	ublic Accoun	•		ie)								
Street Add				3ox 99	9			City Muskegon		State MI	ZIP 494	43-0999
	t Signature). ^	<0	D	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PLC		-		Date 7/14/06		

Shelby Township Oceana County, Michigan

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(with required supplementary information)

Year ended March 31, 2006

Shelby Township LIST OF ELECTED OFFICIALS March 31, 2006

Supervisor	Samuel Flemming
Clerk	
Treasurer	Julie Near
Trustees	

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As management of Shelby Township, we present to the readers of the Township's financial statements this overview and analysis of the financial activities of Shelby Township for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006. We encourage you to consider the information presented in these financial statements along with the additional information that has been furnished in this letter.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund fund balance increased \$83,426.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Township's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Township's finances. These statements are similar to those of a private sector business

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the Township's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Township's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements mentioned above distinguish functions of the Township that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are designed to recover all or a significant part of their costs through user fees and charges for services (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Township include general government, public works, community and economic development and cultural and recreational activities. The Township does not currently have any business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Township, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Township can be divided into two categories—governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a governmental entity's short-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two.

Shelby Township maintains one governmental fund, the General Fund.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Township. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from those funds are not available to support the Township's programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary finds is much like that used for the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The reader is encouraged to include the reading of this section in any attempt to analyze and understand these statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Township's budgetary information as it relates to the actual expenditures for the General Fund.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The first table presented below is a summary of the government-wide statement of net assets for the Township. As stated earlier, the net assets may be used as an indicator of a government's financial health. As of March 31, 2006, the Township's net assets from governmental activities totaled \$1,101,269.

The increase in current assets reflects the increase in unrestricted net assets.

In examining the composition of these net assets, the reader should note that a portion of governmental activities net assets are invested in capital assets (i.e., buildings, land, vehicles, equipment, etc.). These assets are used to provide services to the Township's residents, and they are not available to pay salaries, operational expenses or fund capital projects. The unrestricted net assets for governmental activities actually depict a balance of \$952,975. This represents the amount of discretionary resources that can be used for general governmental operations.

Net Assets

	(Governmental Activities 2006		Governmental Activities 2005
Current assets and other assets	\$	952,975	\$	869,549
Capital assets		148,294		143,849
Total assets		1,101,269	-	1,013,398
Net assets				
Invested in capital assets		148,294		143,849
Unrestricted		952,975	_	869,549
Total net assets	\$_	1,101,269	\$	1,013,398

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased by \$87,871 during the 2006 fiscal year. Capital grant revenues are new this year as the Township received a grant to purchase new voting machines. Property taxes increased due to growth in the Township's taxable value and investment earnings increased due to higher interest rates. Public works expenses decreased substantially because the Township paved 64th Avenue in the previous year. The following table depicts these occurrences.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2006			Governmental Activities 2005
Revenues:				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$	2,433	\$	3,940
Operating grants		3,172		2,830
Capital grants		9,600		-
General revenues				
Property taxes		122,533		111,142
Grants and contributions not restricted		112,768		113,678
Unrestricted investment earning		19,860		14,993
Miscellaneous		3,383		6,174
Total revenues		273,749	•	252,757
Expenses:				
General government		146,303		140,481
Public works		20,627		177,079
Community and economic development		17,634		12,477
Culture and recreation		1,314		1,314
Total expenses		185,878		331,351
Change in net assets		87,871		(78,594)
Net assets - Beginning		1,013,398		1,091,992
Net assets - Ending	\$_	1,101,269	\$	1,013,398

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As stated earlier in this discussion and analysis, the Township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Township's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances in spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Township's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances or the lack thereof, may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the 2006 fiscal year, the Township's only governmental fund, the General Fund, reported an unreserved fund balance of \$952,975. The unreserved balance represents what is available for spending at the Township's discretion. The General Fund does not have any fund balance that is reserved, which means that all fund balance is available for new spending.

General Fund Budget

During the current fiscal year, the Township only made a couple of minor amendments to its original budget.

The following comments summarize the major variations from the final budget to actual revenues and expenditures.

- Property tax revenues were under budget by \$20,967 because of an overestimate of collections at the time the original budget was adopted.
- ➤ Investment earnings were over budget by \$18,360 because interest earned on certificates of deposit was not included in the budget.
- > Street improvements were under budget by \$51,050 because expected projects were deferred to the following year.
- ➤ Other governmental functions were under budget by \$28,016 because the Township did not use most of its contingency budget.

Capital Assets

Shelby Township investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of March 31, 2006 totaled \$148,294 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment.

The only significant capital asset additions during the current year were two new voting machines obtained with a grant.

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	_	Sovernmental Activities 2006	_	Governmental Activities 2005
Land	\$	34,900	\$	34,900
Buildings and improvements		103,454		107,249
Furniture and equipment	_	9,940		1,700
Total	\$	148,294	\$	143,849

Additional information on the Township's capital assets can be found in Note D of the "Notes to the Financial Statements" of this report.

General Economic Overview

Shelby Township has set fiscal accountability and financial stability as its number one priority. This is also its greatest challenge.

The Township's General Fund is comprised of two major revenue sources, state revenue sharing and property tax revenue. Those two sources comprised over 90% of the General Fund's revenue sources. In fiscal 2007, state revenue sharing is expected to remain flat and property tax revenues are expected to increase by approximately 3 to 4 percent.

The Township expects General Fund expenditures in 2007 to be lower than the 2006 expenditures. The Board does not plan to have any major capital outlays or other significant or unusual transactions and expects an increase in fund balance in the General Fund.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Shelby Township's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Shelby Township, P.O. Box 215, Shelby, Michigan 49455 (231) 861-5853.

BRICKLEY DELONG CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

June 21, 2006

Township Board Shelby Township Shelby, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shelby Township as of and for the year ended March 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Shelby Township's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shelby Township, as of March 31, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages i through vi and 17 are not a required part of the basic financial statement but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

1

Brukley Vedonoz, PLC

Shelby Township STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2006

ASSETS

	Governmental activities
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 921,291
Receivables	13,080
Due from other governmental units	18,604
Total current assets	952,975
NONCURRENT ASSETS	
Capital assets, net	
Nondepreciable	34,900
Depreciable	113,394
Total noncurrent assets	148,294
Total assets	1,101,269
NET ASSETS	
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	148,294
Unrestricted	952,975
Total net assets	\$1,101,269

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended March 31, 2006

			_	Charges for	Ope	Program Rev		Capital grants	Re	Net (Expense) venue and Chang in Net Assets Governmental
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses	_	services	and o	contributions	_	and contributions		activities
Governmental activities										
General government	\$	146,303	\$	925	\$	3,172	\$	9,600	\$. , ,
Public works		20,627		683		-		-		(19,944)
Community and economic development		17,634		825		-		=		(16,809)
Culture and recreation	_	1,314	_	-						(1,314)
Total governmental activities	=	185,878	=	2,433	_	3,172		9,600		(170,673)
General revenues										
Property taxes, levied for general purposes										122,533
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific program	ns									112,768
Unrestricted investment earnings										19,860
Miscellaneous										3,383
Total general revenues										258,544
Change in net assets										87,871
Net assets at April 1, 2005										1,013,398
Net assets at March 31, 2006									\$	1,101,269

Shelby Township BALANCE SHEET Governmental Funds March 31, 2006

		General
	_	Fund
ASSETS	_	_
Cash and investments	\$	921,291
Taxes receivable		13,080
Due from other governmental units	_	18,604
Total assets	\$=	952,975
FUND BALANCE		
Unreserved	\$_	952,975

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

March 31, 2006

Total fund balance—governmental funds			\$	952,975
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.				
Cost of capital assets	\$	162,339		
Accumulated depreciation	_	(14,045)	_	148,294
Net assets of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets			\$	1,101,269

Shelby Township STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

Governmental Funds

For the year ended March 31, 2006

	_	General Fund
REVENUES		
Property taxes	\$	122,533
Licenses and permits		925
Intergovernmental revenues - state		115,940
Charges for services		825
Investment earnings		19,860
Other	_	4,066
Total revenues		264,149
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
General government		140,634
Public works		20,627
Community and economic development		17,634
Culture and recreation		1,314
Other governmental functions	_	514
Total expenditures	_	180,723
Net change in fund balance		83,426
Fund balance at April 1, 2005	_	869,549
Fund balance at March 31, 2006	\$_	952,975

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended March 31, 2006

Net change in fund balance—total governmental funds	\$ 83,426
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures; in the Statement of Activities, these costs are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation expense	(5,155)
Contributions of capital assets are recorded as revenues in the Statement of Activities, but not in the governmental funds.	 9,600
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 87,871

Shelby Township STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Fiduciary Funds March 31, 2006

AGGETTG	Trust and Agency		Current Tax	Total agency funds		
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	352	\$ 30,048	\$	30,400	
LIABILITIES Due to other governmental units	\$	352	\$ 30,048	\$	30,400	

Shelby Township NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2006

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Shelby Township (Township) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Township's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

Shelby Township (Township) is a common law township governed by an elected five-member board.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that if the Township has certain oversight responsibilities over other organizations, those organizations should be included in the Township's financial statements. Since no organizations met this criteria, none are included in the financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Township. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Township has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The Township does not allocate indirect costs.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation—Continued
Property taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be
susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion
of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual
as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only
when cash is received by the government.

The Township reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the Township reports the following fund type:

The Agency Funds account for all assets held by the Township on behalf of others in a fiduciary capacity.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Board.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Township's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Deposits and Investments

The Township's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The Township reports its investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. Under this standard, certain investments are valued at fair value as determined by quoted market prices or by estimated fair values when quoted market prices are not available. The standard also provides that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized cost) when they are of short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed, and the Township intends to hold the investment until maturity.

The Township has adopted an investment policy in compliance with State of Michigan statutes. Those statutes authorize the Township to invest in obligations of the United States, certificates of deposit, prime commercial paper, securities guaranteed by United States agencies or instrumentalities, United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers acceptances, state-approved investment pools and certain mutual funds.

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity—Continued

Receivables and Payables

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles.

The Township bills and collects its own property taxes and also collects taxes for the county, school and State of Michigan. Taxes are levied on each December 1 on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by state statutes) located in the Local Governmental Unit as of the preceding December 31. Uncollectible real property taxes as of the following March 1 are turned over by the Township to the County for collection. The County advances the Township all these delinquent real property taxes. The delinquent personal property taxes remain the responsibility of the Township. The Township recognizes all available revenue from the current tax levy. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

The 2005 state taxable value for real/personal property of the Township totaled approximately \$73,905,000. The ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 1.2231 mills for the Township's operating purposes. These amounts are recognized in the General Fund.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	20-50
Furniture and equipment	5-10

NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES—Continued

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity—Continued

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures.

NOTE B—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary information provided in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to the first week of March, the Township Supervisor submits to the Township Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following April 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted at the Township Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Not later than the last week in March, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- d. Supplemental appropriations, when required to provide for additional expenditures, are matched by additional anticipated revenues or an appropriation of available fund balance and must be approved by the Township Board. All appropriations lapse at year end.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The Township's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Township Board. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level.

NOTE B—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY—Continued

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

During the year ended March 31, 2006, actual expenditures exceeded appropriations for:

	Amended				
	budget		Actual		
General Fund					
Township Board	\$ 45,000	\$	49,254		
Supervisor	10,000		11,373		
Clerk	14,000		14,912		
Planning and zoning	15,970		17,634		

NOTE C—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Interest rate risk. The Township does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the two highest classifications issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). The Township has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of credit risk. The Township does not have a concentration of credit risk policy. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Township investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. The Township does not have any investments exposed to concentration of credit risk.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. As of March 31, 2006, \$659,909 of the Township's bank balance of \$979,193 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk – **investments.** The Township does not have a custodial credit risk policy for investments. This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Township does not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

Foreign currency risk. The Township is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

NOTE D—CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2006 was as follows:

		Balance April 1, 2005		Additions	Deductions	Balance March 31, 2006
Governmental activities:	_					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	34,900	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 34,900
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements		115,839		-	-	115,839
Furniture and equipment		2,000		9,600	-	 11,600
Total capital assets, being depreciated		117,839		9,600	-	127,439
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements		8,590		3,795	-	12,385
Furniture and equipment		300		1,360	-	 1,660
Total accumulated depreciation	_	8,890	_	5,155	-	 14,045
Total capital assets, being						
depreciated, net		108,949		4,445	-	 113,394
Capital assets, net	\$	143,849	\$	4,445	\$ 	\$ 148,294

Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged to the general government function.

NOTE E—OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss in excess of insurance coverage can be reasonably estimated. There has been no loss in excess of insurance in the past three years.

Contingent Liabilities

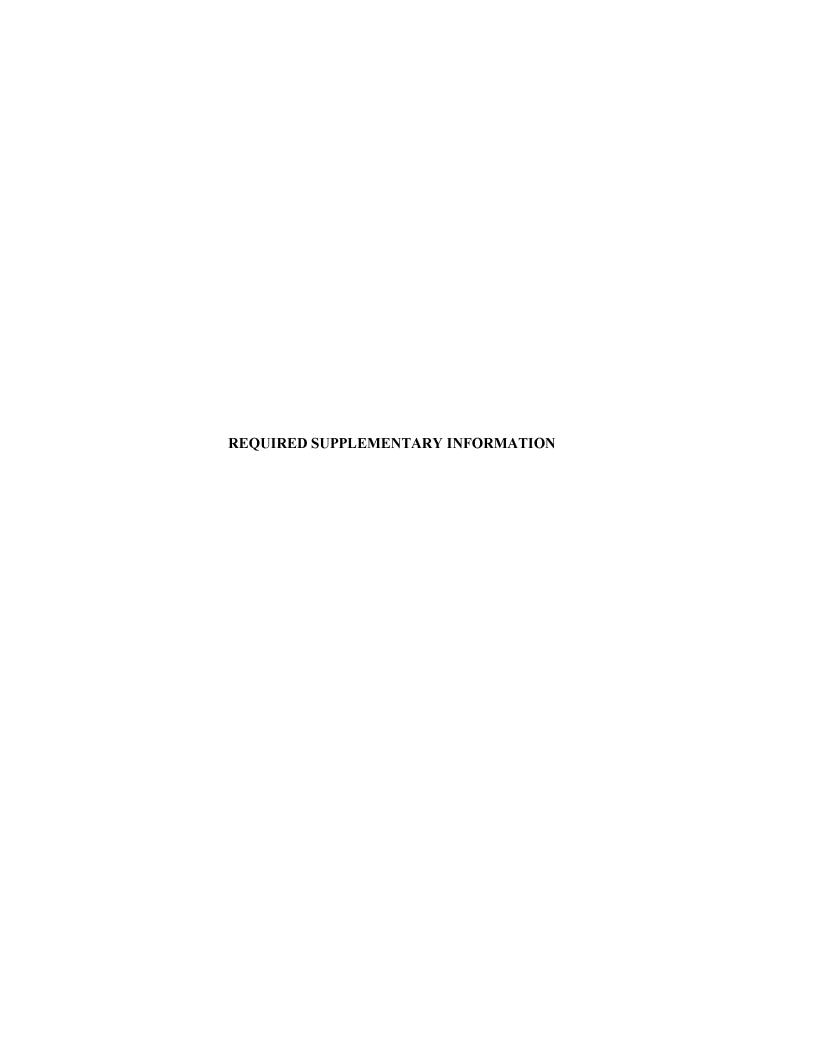
Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability to the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Township expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE F—PENSION PLANS

The Township provides pension benefits for its supervisor, treasurer, clerk and certain employees through a defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The Plan is administered through Edward Jones, an independent third party. Both the Township and employees are required to contribute an amount equal to 3 percent of the qualified employees' annual compensation each plan year. For the year ended March 31, 2006, pension expense was approximately \$1,700. Employee contributions were approximately \$3,500.

NOTE G—ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

State of Michigan shared revenues represent approximately 43 percent of General Fund revenues.



Required Supplementary Information BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

General Fund

For the year ended March 31, 2006

Variance with

	Budgeted amounts						final budget- positive		
	_	Original Final				Actual	(negative)		
REVENUES	-		_		_		_		
Property taxes	\$	143,500	\$	143,500	\$	122,533	\$	(20,967)	
Licenses and permits		-		-		925		925	
Intergovernmental revenues - state		110,000		110,000		115,940		5,940	
Charges for services		-		-		825		825	
Investment earnings		1,500		1,500		19,860		18,360	
Other	_	10,000	_	10,000	_	4,066		(5,934)	
Total revenues		265,000		265,000		264,149		(851)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General government									
Township board		45,000		45,000		49,254		(4,254)	
Supervisor		10,000		10,000		11,373		(1,373)	
Treasurer		25,000		25,000		24,388		612	
Assessor		35,000		35,000		27,165		7,835	
Clerk		14,000		14,000		14,912		(912)	
Elections		6,000		6,000		4,180		1,820	
Cemetery		10,000		10,000		7,885		2,115	
Board of review		1,500		1,500		1,477		23	
Public works									
Street improvements		70,000		70,000		18,950		51,050	
Landfill		1,000		1,000		589		411	
Streetlights		1,500		1,500		1,088		412	
Community and economic development									
Planning and zoning		15,000		15,970		17,634		(1,664)	
Culture and recreation									
Library		1,500		1,500		1,314		186	
Other governmental functions	_	29,500	_	28,530	_	514		28,016	
Total expenditures	_	265,000	_	265,000	_	180,723	_	84,277	
Net change in fund balance	\$=	-	\$_	-		83,426	\$_	83,426	
Fund balance at April 1, 2005					_	869,549			
Fund balance at March 31, 2006					\$_	952,975			